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PART II-A

Notifications relating to Minor Administrations

THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BRITISH BALUCHISTAN

NOTIFICATIONS

Quett, the 19th March 1947

No. A14(46)Exc.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 24(1)(a) of the Excise Regulation I of 1915 the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that with effect from 1st April, 1947 the Excise duty on Ganja and Bhang (Hemp Drugs) shall be raised to Rs. 70/- (Rupees seventy only) and Rs. 18/- (rupee one and annas eight-only) per seer respectively. All previous Notifications relating to Excise Duty on these drugs will be treated as cancelled from the said date.

By order,

B. M. BACON,
Secretary.

Quett, the 20th March 1947

No. A-5(46)-Exc.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by sections 5 and 13 of the Opium Act, 1878 (I of 1878), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following amendment in his Notification No. 2087-R., dated the 6th June 1933:—

Substitute 'one' for 'two' in the Proviso to rule 5 of the British Baluchistan Opium Rules, 1933.

2. This notification shall take effect from the 1st April 1947.

By order,

B. M. BACON,
Secretary.

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Quetta, the 20th March 1947

No. A68(47)-Exc.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 8, 9, 10, 16 and 62 of the Excise Regulation, 1915 (I of 1915), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following rules.

I.—SHORT TITLE.

Rule 1. These rules may be called the 'British Baluchistan Denatured Spirit Rules, 1947.' They shall come into force on the 1st June 1947.

II.—DEFINITIONS.

Rule 2. In these rules, unless there is any thing repugnant in the subject or context,

(i) 'Regulation' means Excise Regulation, 1915 (I of 1915).

(ii) 'Denatured spirit' is a spirit of at least 50 degrees overproof rendered effectively and permanently unfit for human consumption by the admixture with spirit of at least 50 degrees overproof of light caoutchoucine and pyridine bases in the proportion of half a gallon of light caoutchoucine and half a gallon of pyridine bases to 99 gallons of spirit.

(iii) 'Form' means a form appended to these rules.

(iv) 'Licensee' means a person who has obtained a license under the British Baluchistan Liquor and Intoxicating Drugs License Rules, 1947, for the sale of denatured spirit.

III.—POSSESSION.

Rule 3(1). Denatured spirit may be possessed in any quantity at the discretion of the Collector, by any Local Body, Institution, Chemists or other person engaged in any business who requires large quantities of denatured spirit for the purpose of his business and

not for sale; provided that he has obtained from the Collector a license in form Exc-24 in this behalf.

(2) Denatured spirit may be possessed in any quantity, as fixed by the Collector, on the recommendation of the Civil Surgeon, by any hospital or dispensary.

(3) Denatured spirit may be possessed by a licensee licensed to sell such spirit in quantity upto 500 gallons, and with the sanction of the Excise Commissioner, in any quantity.

(4) No person other than those mentioned in sub-rules (1), (2) and (3) above may possess denatured spirit in quantity exceeding one gallon.

IV.—IMPORT.

Rule 4(1). Import of denatured spirit into British Baluchistan is prohibited except as provided in the following rules.

(2) Denatured spirit may be imported into British Baluchistan by the persons mentioned in sub-rule (1), (2) and (3) of rule 3 above from any British Indian Province or an Indian State on the authority of permits in form Exc-35. Such permits shall be granted by the Superintendent of Excise in Baluchistan or the Excise Inspector of the district on payment of a fee of Re. 1|8/- per Imperial gallon or Rs. 3/- per dozen quart bottles credited in a Government treasury in Baluchistan.

Exemption.—Supplies of denatured spirit required for use of the hospitals and dispensaries shall be exempted from the payment of permit fee.

(3) The persons referred to in sub-rule (2) above, desiring to import denatured spirit shall apply to the Superintendent of Excise in Baluchistan or the Excise Inspector of the district for a permit. The application shall specify:—

(a) name and address of and the No. and date of the license held by the applicant,

(b) the name of the distillery, bonded warehouse or the firm and place from which denatured spirit is to be imported,

(c) the quantity of denatured spirit to be imported, and

(d) the amount of the permit fee paid into a Government treasury in Baluchistan supported by the treasury receipt.

The importer shall also be required to prove to the satisfaction of the issuing officer that he has arranged supply with the distillery, bonded warehouse or the firm concerned.

(4) The Superintendent of Excise in Baluchistan or the Excise Inspector of the district may on receipt of such application grant a permit in form Exc-35. The permit shall be in triplicate, one copy shall be sent to the Collector of the exporting district or State, the second copy shall be given to the importer and the third copy shall be retained in the office for record.

(4) The importer shall then present his copy of the permit or cause it to be presented to the Chief Excise Authority of the exporting district or the State, who will, subject to the

rules in force in his district or State, grant a pass covering the import of the spirit into this province. A copy of such pass shall be sent direct to the Excise Inspector of the district to which such spirit is being imported.

(5) On receipt of the consignment, the applicant shall at once notify its arrival to the Excise Inspector of the place where the denatured spirit is imported and shall allow him to check the consignment and examine its contents or to take a sample thereof, if necessary. No consignment thus imported shall be brought into use nor its bulk shall be broken until it has been checked by the Excise Inspector:

Provided that if the consignment is not checked by the Excise Inspector within 72 hours of the receipt of notice of arrival of the consignment, the importer shall have the option of opening the consignment himself.

V.—TRANSPORT.

Rule 5(1).—Denatured spirit may be transported from a licensed distillery in British Baluchistan to the premises of a person authorised to possess denatured spirit under sub-rule (1), (2) and (3) of rule 3 above, under cover of a transport pass granted by the Distillery Inspector incharge of the distillery. Denatured spirit may also be transported from the vend premises of a licensee to the premises of a person mentioned in sub-rules (1), (2) and (3) under cover of transport pass in form Exc-34 to be granted by the supplier. Such pass shall be in triplicate, one copy of which shall be given to the person transporting denatured spirit, second copy shall be sent to the Excise Inspector of the district of the destination and the third copy shall be retained for record by the supplier.

(2) Save as provided in sub-rule (1) above, the transport of denatured spirit is prohibited.

VI.—EXPORT.

Rule 6(1). Export of denatured spirit from British Baluchistan is prohibited except as provided in the following rules.

(2) (a) A person desiring to export denatured spirit shall obtain a permit from the Excise Authorities of the importing province in the case of British Indian provinces and from the Political Agent or the Excise authorities in the case of Indian States authorising him to import denatured spirit into the province of the State.

(b) The exporter shall then present an application to the Superintendent of Excise in Baluchistan or the Excise Inspector of the district of export specifying the name of the licensed vendor from whom the exporter wishes to buy the spirit and the quantity of the spirit to be exported. The Superintendent of Excise in Baluchistan or the Excise Inspector of the district shall, if he sees no objection, issue a permit in form Exc-38. Such permit shall be in quadruplicate, one copy of which shall be given to the exporter, second copy shall be sent to the licensed vendor selling the denatured spirit, third copy shall be sent to the officer issuing the import permit in the importing province or State and the fourth copy shall be retained in the office of issue for record.

(c) If the exporter wishes to purchase the denatured spirit from a licensed distillery in

British Baluchistan at which such spirit has been manufactured, the permit and the application shall be presented to the Distillery Inspector in charge of the distillery together with a treasury receipt showing that the permit fee as prescribed in sub-rule (2) of rule 4 of these rules has been paid. On receipt of the application, the Distillery Inspector shall act as laid down in clause (b) above, except that he shall issue the export pass in the form prescribed under the British Baluchistan Distillery Rules, 1947.

VII.—SALE.

Rule 7. No person other than a person holding a license in form Exc-24 for the sale of denatured spirit granted under the British Baluchistan Liquor and Intoxicating Drugs License Rules, 1947, shall sell denatured spirit.

VIII.—EXEMPTION.

Rule 8. Nothing in these rules shall apply to denatured spirit imported, transported, exported or possessed:—

- (a) for *Bona fide* private use and not for sale in any quantity not exceeding one gallon,
- (b) by or on behalf of any officer of Government acting in his official capacity.

IX.—GENERAL.

Rule 9. A register of permits in form Exc-36 shall be maintained by the Superintendent of Excise in Baluchistan and the Excise Inspector of the district and details of import permits issued under sub-rule (4) of rule 4 of these rules shall be entered therein.

Notification No. 1081-R, dated the 18th March 1935, shall be treated as cancelled with effect from the 1st June 1947.

FORM Exc-24.

LICENSE FORM

License in form Exc.....
License for the
Registered under District No.
This license authorising
in the premises specified below, for the period from to
is granted to
in the district of
Fixed or maximum retail or wholesale price.....

This license is granted subject to the provisions of the British Baluchistan Liquor and Intoxicating Drugs License Rules, 1947, and the supplementary conditions below, and subject to the payment of Rs..... as per detail below, on account of license fee.

Amount Payable before the (date).
Description of the licensed premises

Supplementary conditions:—

Dated.

Collector.

Renewal.

This license is hereby renewed on the conditions stated above and for the period and subject to the payment of fee stated below.—

Period

Amount Payable before the (date).

Dated Collector.

List of authorised agents or salesman.

Name	Father's name	Age	Residence
.....
.....

Miscellaneous endorsements.

FORM Exc-34.

Transport pass.

No. of pass Dated
Current upto

Name of wholesale licensed vendor

Name of licensed vendor or other person to whom issued

No. and date of purchaser's license or permit

Description of exciseable article

Quantity of exciseable article

Name of shop/place to which transported....

Name of person incharge of consignment

Signature and designation of the officer/Licensee issuing the pass.

FORM Exc-35.

Permit for the import of
No. of permit Dated
Current upto

Name and address of the consignor

Name and address of the consignee

Description of exciseable article

Quantity

Whether in bulk or bottles (in case of liquor)

Rate of duty leviable

Rate of permit fee

Amount of duty paid

Amount of permit fee paid

Amount of duty to be realized in the province of export

Route

Remarks

Signature and designation of the person issuing the permit.

FORM Exc-36.

Register of permits for the import of.....

Import Permit		Name and address of the consignor	Name and address of the consignee	Description of liquor	Quantity of liquor	Rate of duty or permit fee payable	Date on which paid	Export Permit	Date on which consignment checked	Quantity of liquor received	Remarks
No.	Date							No.	Date		

FORM Exc-38.

Pass for the export of

No. of pass Dated
Current upto.....Name and address of the consignor
.....Name and address of the consignee.....
.....

Description of the exciseable article to be exported

Quantity

Whether in bulk or bottles (in case of liquor).....

*Signature and designation
of issuing officer/Licensee.*

By order,

B. M. BACON,
Secretary.

Quetta, the 22nd March 1947

No. A/8-Exc.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 24 of the Excise Regulation I of 1915; the Chief Commissioner is pleased to fix with effect from 1st April 1947, the following rates of Excise duty on Country Spirits drawn from the Quetta Distillery per Imperial gallon of the strength of 10 U.p.:—

- (a) Country Spirit issued to licensees in—
 - (1) Quetta town—Rs. 15/-.
 - (2) Quetta Pishin District except Quetta Town, Sibi District except Nasirabad Sub-division, Nushki, Hindubagh and Bolan Pass—Rs. 14[13]-.
 - (3) Zhob District except Hindubagh, Lorala District, Dalbandin and Nokkundi—Rs. 14[10]-.
 - (4) Nasirabad Sub-division and Kachhi Railway District—Rs. 12[6]-.

(b) Country Spirit issued to special permit holders—Rs. 18/-.

Chief Commissioner's Notification No. A/10-Exc., dated the 9th August 1943 shall be cancelled with effect from the date referred to above.

By order,
B. M. BACON,
*Secretary.***THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BRITISH BALUCHISTAN**

NOTIFICATION

Quetta, the 25th March 1947

No. 225|MV.—This Administration's Notification No. 389|MV, dated the 24th June, 1940 is hereby cancelled.

By order,

B. M. BACON,
*Secretary to the Chief Commissioner
of British Baluchistan.***THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN BALUCHISTAN**

NOTIFICATION

Quetta, the 24th March 1947

No. 796-FS|47.—In exercise of the powers conferred on the Central Government by Section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (No. XXIV of 1946) and delegated to him in the Government of India, Department of Food Notification No. PY-603 (2)-1, dated the 21st October, 1946, as continued under Section 17 of the said Act, as in force in the Tribal Areas by virtue of the External Affairs Department Notification No. 28-Fed-1, dated the 3rd May, 1937, the Agent to the Governor General is pleased to declare that, until further orders, the prices or rates at which the foodstuffs specified below may be

bought or sold, wholesale or retail, within the limits of the Loralai Town and Cantonment shall not exceed those noted against each:—

Foodstuffs.	Wholesale rate per maund unless otherwise stated.	Maximum retail rates for sale to the public.		
		Per maund.	Per rupee.	Per seer.
I.—Edible Grains, Flour, etc.				
1. Wheat	10 8 0	10 8 0	0 3 13	..
2. Atta (Wheat)	11 8 0	11 12 0	0 3 5	..
3. Maize	9 12 0	10 4 0	0 3 14	..
4. Barley	10 8 0	10 8 0	0 3 13	..
5. Seed barley	11 6 0	11 14 0	0 3 6	..
6. Gram	11 11 0	12 5 0	0 3 3	..
7. Jowari	9 12 0	9 14 3	0 4 0	..
8. Besan	16 0 0	16 0 0	..	0 6 6
9. Maida	20 12 0	20 12 0	..	0 8 6
10. Suji	24 5 0	24 5 0	..	0 10 0
11. Rice Basmati	27 0 6	28 11 6	..	0 11 0
12. Rice Sella	28 11 9	30 8 6	..	0 12 3
13. Rice Permal	23 14 0	25 6 0	..	0 10 3
14. Rice Mongra	21 1 6	0 8 0
15. Dal Mash Wash-ed.	25 0 0	0 10 0
16. Dal Moong	25 0 0	0 10 6
17. Dal Channa	14 2 0	14 12 0	..	0 6 3
18. Dal Arhar	11 12 0	12 8 0	..	0 5 3
19. Masoor	16 6 0	17 6 0	..	0 7 0

2. The Agent to the Governor General is further pleased to declare that:—

(a) Unless otherwise stated the weight of an empty bag shall be taken to 2 lbs. and empty bag shall not be charged for separately except in the case of wheat, atta, salt, barley, soap and vegetables.

(b) Unless otherwise stated a maund shall equal 82 lbs.

(c) Buying and selling at prices higher than those herein notified are offences under section 7 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946. These offences are under section 11 of the said Act, cognizable by the Police and complaints should, where necessary be made to the Officer In Charge of the Police Station at Loralai.

By order,

H. P. HALL,
Deputy Secretary.

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN

NOTIFICATION

Quetta, the 20th March 1947

No. A-5(46)-Exo.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by rule 23 of the British Baluchistan Opium Rules, 1933, the Revenue

Commissioner is pleased to make the following amendment in his Notification No. 2364, dated the 23rd June 1933:—

In condition No. 8 of Form 0-3, substitute 'one' for 'two'.

2. This notification shall take effect from the 1st April 1947.

N. S. ALINGTON,
Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL, RESIDENT AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN

NOTIFICATIONS

Quetta, the 20th March 1947

No. 2727.—Ch. Ikramullah, B.Sc. (Agric.), officiating Horticulturist in the Horticulture Scheme Department of Agriculture in Baluchistan was granted three weeks' earned leave with effect from the 13th January 1947 to the 2nd February 1947.

By order,

H. C. MURPHY,
Under Secretary.

Quetta, the 21st March 1947

No. 2-P11/47.—The Agent to the Governor General, Resident and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan is pleased to appoint the Reverend J. R. Beynon, a Junior Chaplain on the Indian Ecclesiastical Establishment, at present on leave ex-India, as a Senior Chaplain on that Establishment with effect from the 20th January 1947.

By order,

B. M. BACON,
Secretary.

Quetta, the 21st March 1947

No. 44/46 Estt.—Ch. Ikramullah, B.Sc. (Agric) officiating Horticulturist Baluchistan in the Horticulture Scheme Department of Agriculture Baluchistan in the scale of Rs. 275—25—650—35—1,000/275 was relieved of his duties on the forenoon of the 3rd March 1947.

No. 44/46 Estt.—M. Asghar Ginai, M.Sc. (Hons) was promoted as Horticulturist (Class 1) in the Horticulture Scheme Department of Agriculture Baluchistan on Rs. 275—25—650—35—1,000/275 sanctioned by the Govt. of India, Department of Agriculture letter No. F. 28-2/45-P, dated 27th March 1946 with effect from the 3rd March 1947 (Forenoon).

By order,

H. C. MURPHY,
Under Secretary.

Peshawar, the 24th March 1947

No. 5083/M/IX-J-5.—A. I. 1055 T Major P. G. Downe, 1st Bn. Ind. Para Regt. whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Baluchistan Administration with effect from 18th January 1947 is appointed wing Commander, Zhob Militia with effect from 18th January 1947.

By order,

R. D. AMBROSE,

Brigadier,

Secretary, Frontier Corps, N.W.F.

Quetta, the 27th March 1947

No. 1382/109/PWD/Ir.—With reference to this Administration Notification No. 1382/107/PWD/Ir., dated the 5th March 1947, Mr. J. M. Macintyre, M.B.E., I.S.E., Superintending Engineer, Irrigation in Baluchistan, is granted an extension of two months' leave on average pay with effect from the 4th March 1947 F.N.

G. H. VAUGHAN LEE,

Colonel,

Secretary, P. W. D. in Baluchistan.

Quetta, the 28th March 1947

No. AE-24(47)1.—S. S. Sardar Baldev Singh, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Barkhan, relinquished charge of his office on the forenoon of the 7th March 1947.

No. AE-45(47)2.—S. S. Sardar Baldev Singh, Extra Assistant Commissioner was appointed Assistant to the Revenue Commissioner in

Baluchistan, with effect from the forenoon of the 8th March 1947.

No. AE-45(47)3.—Syed Mohammad Ali Shah, P.C.S., Registrar, Court of the Judicial Commissioner in Baluchistan relinquished charge of his office on the forenoon of the 27th March and proceeded on two weeks' leave on average pay.

By order,

R. C. MURPHY,

Under Secretary.

ORDER BY THE PROVINCIAL TRANSPORT COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN

NOTIFICATIONS

Quetta, the 20th March 1947

No. 266/744/II/PTC.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him under Clause 5(1) of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, as continued in force by Sub-section (2) of Section 17 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 the Provincial Transport Commissioner in Baluchistan is pleased to appoint the following two firms in Quetta as sub-dealers for all makes of spare motor parts in Quetta town:—

1. Messrs. Bagai Motor Service, Bruce Road, Quetta.

2. Messrs. Central Automobiles, Bruce Road, Quetta.

H. D. M. SCOTT,

Provincial Transport Commissioner in Baluchistan.

AJMER-MERWARA

DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, AJMER-MERWARA

Catalogue of Books printed and published in Ajmer-Merwara and registered under Act XXV of 1867, during the quarter which ended on the 31st December 1946.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication date given on the title page with the name of era, where other than Christian era, date of issue from the press or of publication, size, addition and price.	Printer and place of printing	Number of copies.	REMARKS.
1	1. HINDI AND SANSKRIT Shree Ram Sahastra Nam Stotra— SWAMI NARAYAN DASSJI—Religious songs, pages 48, Shree Dadu Mahavidhyalaya, Jaipur, dated 15-10-46, size 20 x 30/32, edition 1st, price 0/2/6.	Adarsh Printing Press, Ajmer.	1,000	
2	Shree Ganapati Sahastra Nam Stotra— SWAMI NARAYAN DASSJI—Religious songs, pages 28, Shree Dadu Mahavidhyalaya, Jaipur, dated 15-10-46, size 20 x 30/32, edition 1st, price 0/1/6.	Do.	1,000	
3	Shree Shikshya Sapta Shati— NARAYAN DASSJI—Religious songs, pages 216, Shree Dwarka Prasad Narolwala, Patiala, dated 15-10-46, size 20 x 30/32, edition 1st, price 0/4/0.	Do.	2,000	
4	HINDI:—Buddhi-ka-Vayayam Part I.— M. RANCHOH DASS VAISHNAVA—Mathematics, pages 12, Mahavir Mahajan Vidhyalaya, Pali (Marwar), dated 15-10-46, size 20 x 30/16, edition 4th, price 0/1/6.	Do.	2,000	
5	Sugandh-Dashml-Vrata-Katha— KAVI KHUSHAL CHANDJI—Religious, pages 16, Shree Mahavir Jain Pustakalay, Ajmer, dated 30-9-46, size 20 x 30/16, edition 1st, price 0/2/0.	Do.	2,000	
6	Jai Lakshmi— MR. MANOJARLAL CHOKHANI—Religious, pages 16, Mr. Brahma Dutt Misra, Jaipur, dated 15-10-46, size 20 x 30/16, edition 1st, price 0/4/0.	Do.	500	

ONKAR SINGH,
District Magistrate, Ajmer-Merwara.

ORDERS BY THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
AJMER-MERWARA

NOTIFICATIONS

Ajmer, the 24th March 1947

No. A|1-58.—In accordance with paragraph 8 of schedule II to this Administration Notification No. A|1-58, dated the 19th February 1947 the names of the following persons, who have been declared to be elected as members of the Ajmer-Merwara Advisory Council are hereby published for general information:—

1. Abdul Qader Beg, Mirza.
2. Bal Krishna, Kaul.
3. Kishen Lal, Lamror.

By order,

B. C. KAPUR,

*Secretary to the Chief Commissioner,
Ajmer-Merwara.*

Ajmer, the 28th March 1947

No. R. 6.—In exercise of the powers conferred on the Central Government by Section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (No. XXIV of 1946) and delegated to him in the Government of India, Department of Works, Power and Mines, notification No. PY.110(1), dated the 12th December, 1946 the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara is pleased to make the following order:—

1. *Short title, Extent and Commencement* :—

(1) This order may be called the Revised Ajmer-Merwara Kerosene Oil (Prices) Control Order, 1947.

(2) It extends to the whole of Ajmer-Merwara.

(3) It shall come into force from the date of its publication in the Gazette of India.

2. Subject to the restrictions hereinafter mentioned the maximum wholesale and retail rates at which kerosene oil shall be sold by a person shall be as set forth in the table below:—

Name of place. 1	Supply in packed tins,			Loose supply without tins.
	For a black plated tin of 4 gall.	For four Imp. Galls.	For one Imp. Gal.	For one bottle of 26.8 ozs. or one sixth of an Imp. Gal. 5
1. Ajmer & Beawar municipal area . . .	5/1/6	4/4/-	1/2/-	0/3/3
2. Nasirabad Cantt. area	5/1/6	4/5/-	1/2/3	0/3/3
3. Bijaynagar town . .	5/5/-	4/8/6	1/3/-	0/3/6
4. Any place in the Ajmer & Beawar sub-division except those mentioned at 1, 2 and 3 . . .	5/1/6 plus actual cost of transport by road as approved by District Magistrate or any other officer authorised by him.	4/6/- plus actual cost of transport by road as approved by District Magistrate or any other officer authorised by him.	1/2/6 plus actual cost of transport by road as approved by District Magistrate or any other officer authorised by him.	0/3/3 plus actual cost of transport by road as approved by District Magistrate or any other officer authorised by him.
5. Any place in the Kekri sub-division . . .	5/5/- plus as above.	4/8/6 plus as above.	1/3/- plus as above.	0/3/6 plus as above.

Notes :—(1) The prices mentioned above are for superior quality of kerosene oil; For kerosene oil of inferior quality the above rates shall be reduced by 6/9 per four imperial gallons whether sold loose or in packed tins, 1/9 per gallon and 1/3 per bottle.

(2) Supply of kerosene oil in quantities of four gallons or multiples of four gallons shall be in packed tins if the purchaser so desires.

(3) All sales of and over the quantity of four gallons made loose without tins shall be charged at the rates shown for the place under column 3 against that place.

(4) All sales of and over one gallon but less than four gallons shall be charged at the rates shown for the place under column 4 against that place.

(5) All dealers in kerosene oil shall display at a conspicuous place on their business premises, a list showing separately the current selling prices of different qualities and quantities of kerosene oil viz. tin, gallons, bottles, etc.

4. Except in the towns of Ajmer, Beawar and Nasirabad, no agent hawker or a retail dealer shall sell to a consumer kerosene oil in quantity exceeding one bottle at a time provided that District Rationing Officer, Ajmer-Merwara, the Sub-Divisional Officer of the area concerned may grant special permits to purchase in excess of the above limit to an institution or a private individual on being satisfied that a real need exists. In such cases purchases shall be made only from the agents of kerosene oil companies.

5. Except in the town of Ajmer, Beawar and Nasirabad every dealer in kerosene oil in the District shall submit to the District Rationing Officer, Ajmer-Merwara on the 2nd and the 16th day of every month, a separate return showing the stock and supplies of kerosene oil held by him at the close of the 1st and the 15th day of that month respectively.

6. Every person submitting a return under this notification shall maintain and keep a register which shall be open for inspection by

the District Rationing Officer, Ajmer-Merwara and such other officers as may be appointed by him in this behalf.

7. All agents and persons dealing in kerosene oil shall issue a memo to every purchaser of kerosene oil if the quantity purchased is not less than one gallon at a time. Such memorandum shall mention the name of the purchaser and the quantity sold to him and the price charged. Such agents or persons shall also maintain accounts of all transactions which along with the memo, referred to above shall be open for inspection by the officers mentioned in the preceding paragraph of this notification.

8. Any officer of the Rationing Department or Law and Enforcement Department not below the rank of an Inspector may:—

(1) investigate into a case of contravention of any of the provisions of this order and for that purpose examine any person or summon him before himself for such examination,

(2) inspect or cause to be inspected or order the production before himself of any book or other document belonging to or under the control of any person,

(3) enter and search any premises, vehicles, vessels or aircrafts or authorise any person not below the rank of a sub-Inspector to enter and search any premises vehicles, vessels or aircrafts and seize any article in respect of which he has reason to believe that contravention of this order has been, is being or is about to be committed or any other article which he has reason to believe has been or is intended to be used in connection with such contravention.

9. Any Court trying any contravention of this order may direct that any property in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the Order has been contravened shall be confiscated to His Majesty.

10. This notification replaces Chief Commissioner's notification No. R.78, dated the 21st September, 1946: Provided that anything done or deemed to have been done under the notification replaced shall be deemed to have been done under the corresponding provision of this Order.

By order, etc.,

B. C. KAPOOR,

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner,
Ajmer-Merwara.

GINNING RETURN

Return showing quantity of cotton ginned in the Province of Ajmer-Merwara for the week ending 21st March 1947.

Section 5A of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925 (XII of 1925) as subsequently amended.

(1) Name of Division or Block.—Ajmer-Merwara.

Quantity (by weight) of cotton ginned (in bales of 392 lbs. each)—

(2) During the week.—626.29.

(3) During the corresponding week last year.—203.451.

(4) Since the commencement of the season, i.e., since 1st September 1946.—9,376.54.

(5) During the corresponding period last year.—7,534.333.

(6) District included in the block.—Nil.

GAURI SHANKER,
Superintendent,
for Deputy Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

Statement of cotton pressed in Ajmer-Merwara during the week ending 21st March 1947.

Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.

(1) Name of Division or block.—Ajmer-Merwara.

Numbers of bales pressed—

(2) During the week.—346.

(3) Total quantity pressed in terms of 400 lbs.—339.53.

(4) During the corresponding week last year.—810.

(5) Since 1st September.—12,350.

(6) During the corresponding period last year.—11,146.

(7) District included in the block.—The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.

GAURI SHANKER,
Superintendent,
for Deputy Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

**CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI PROVINCE,
DELHI**

NOTIFICATIONS

Delhi, the 22nd March 1947

No. F.2(65)47-L.S.G.—The following bye-laws framed by the Delhi Municipal Committee under the provisions of section 188 (a) and 199 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 as extended to the Delhi Province for regulation and control of cycle rickshaws having been confirmed by the Chief Commissioner of Delhi as required by sub section (1) of section 201 of the said Act are hereby published for general information and shall come into force on the expiry of six weeks from the date of this Notification.

BYELAWS.

Definition :—

1. In these Byelaws the term "Cycle Rickshaw" means a Rickshaw attached to a cycle with three pneumatic cycle wheels which is propelled with a chain and peddle in the manner of a bicycle.

2. No Cycle Rickshaw shall be let for hire or taken to ply on or offered for hire within the limits of the Delhi Municipal Committee except under a license granted in that behalf in accordance with these Byelaws by the Hackney Carriage Sub-Committee or the Secretary, Delhi Municipal Committee and signed by the Secretary of the Municipal Committee or an Assistant Secretary.

3. A fee of Rs. 12 per annum shall be charged by the Committee for each such licence.

"In case an application for the renewal of a licence is made after an expiry of the licence an additional fee at the following rate shall be charged :—

Additional Fee.

Rs. a. p.

If the application is made within 10 days of the expiry of the licence i.e. by 10th July ..	1	0	0
If it is made within one month of the expiry of the licence i.e. by 31st July ..	2	0	0
If it is made after one month of the expiry of the licence i.e. after the 31st July ..	5	0	0

Provided that the tender of such additional fee shall not by itself entitle an applicant to the renewal of his Licence, if the licences for the full number of cycle rickshaws permitted by the Committee have already been granted for the year or if for other reason it is considered undesirable to renew the licence.

4. A licence granted under these bye laws shall expire on the 30th of June next following the date of issue. No licence shall be transferred except with the permission of the licensing Authority.

5. When any licensed Cycle Rickshaw is transferred to a new proprietor during the currency of a licence the name of such proprietor shall be reported in writing to the Municipal Committee by the Licence holder and shall be substituted in the licence in place of the former licence holder. When any application for transfer is given after 10 days of such transfer a fee of Re. 1 will be charged for mutation.

6. Each licence shall bear a serial number which will be quoted in all matter relating to its impounding, renewal, transfer or suspension.

7. Every holder of a licence or any person for the time being incharge of a licensed Cycle Rickshaw shall produce for inspection the Licence and also the list of fares herein prescribed whenever required to do so by the person hiring or intending to hire the Cycle Rickshaw or the Secretary of the Municipal Committee or any person or persons authorised by him in writing or by any police officer or a magistrate or any Municipal Commissioner.

8. No proprietor of a licensed cycle rickshaw or person for the time being incharge of such cycle rickshaw shall permit it to be drawn or propelled by an unlicensed person propelling the cycle Rickshaw or permit more persons or load to be carried in such cycle Rickshaw than permitted by these bye-laws.

9. The maximum weight of the load which may be carried in a licensed Cycle Rickshaw shall be as follows :—

- (a) When carrying 2 persons 20 seers.
- (b) When carrying 1 person 2 maunds.
- (c) When no passengers are carried 8-1/2 maunds.

10. No Cycle Rickshaw shall be licensed unless it conforms to the following :—

- (a) Width over all 3 ft. 9 in.
- (b) Length 8 ft.
- (c) Height of Rickshaw on wheels 36 in.
- (d) Width of seat 2 ft. 8 in.
- (e) Leg room for passengers 1 ft. 9 in.

11. No Cycle Rickshaw shall be licensed or continued to be so licensed unless the same is in good order and repair in all parts at the time it is licensed and in particular and without prejudice to the generality of this bye-laws, no Cycle Rickshaw shall be licensed unless it is provided with :—

- (1) A bell.
- (2) A lamp fitted in the centre of the Cycle handle.
- (3) Reflector at the rear.
- (4) Pneumatic rubber tyres.
- (5) Wheels and Axle working on ball bearings.
- (6) Thick or substantial folding hood.
- (7) Seat with cushions.
- (8) Sound brakes.
- (9) Properly painted in black.

12. Every proprietor of a licensed Cycle Rickshaw or any person for the time being incharge of such cycle Rickshaw shall produce the same for an annual inspection on such day and time and at such place as may be notified by the Secretary, Delhi Municipal Committee.

13. On such inspection or at any other time, it shall be lawful to cancel the licence of the Cycle Rickshaw if it is deemed unfit to remain licensed.

14. Not more than 2 persons shall be carried in a Cycle Rickshaw. Two children under 12 years of age shall be counted as one person.

15. Property left in a licensed Cycle Rickshaw by the proprietor or person or persons engaged in pedalling or propelling or incharge of such Cycle Rickshaw shall at once be deposited at the nearest Police Station or the Municipal Office.

16. No person shall act as propeller or pedaller of a licensed Cycle Rickshaw except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Hackney Carriage Sub Committee or the Secretary Municipal Committee. Such licence shall be granted on payment of a fee of Rs. 3 p.a. and shall remain operative until the 30th June next following the date of issue.

17. Every person applying for a licence for propelling a Cycle Rickshaw shall be required to satisfy the licensing authority :—

- (a) that he is well trained in driving a Rickshaw.
- (b) that he is well acquainted with the principal streets and offices in Delhi.
- (c) that he has a thorough knowledge of the list of fares prescribed by the Committee.

(d) that he knows the rules of the road and the signals used by the drivers of other vehicles or by the traffic police.

(e) that he possesses a good physique, is in good health and is not less than 21 years of age, and has not been convicted of any offence involving moral degradation.

(f) that the owner of the Cycle Rickshaw for which he applies for a licence is prepared to stand surety for his good conduct and undertakes to produce him when called upon by the licensing authority to do so.

18. There shall be attached to each licence of a Cycle Rickshaw propeller in such a manner as the Hackney Carriage Sub-Committee may prescribe:—

(a) A photograph provided by the Committee of the person propelling the Cycle Rickshaw.

(b) his left thumb mark.

19. Duplicate copies of the photograph of the person propelling the Cycle Rickshaw must be attached to the application for licence.

20. Every person propelling a licensed Cycle Rickshaw shall carry with him and produce his licence when called upon to do so by any police officer or any Magistrate or by the hirer or by the Secretary of the Committee or by any person authorised by him in this behalf.

21. Every person licensed to propel or pedal a Cycle Rickshaw shall wear on his arm the metal Badge inscribed with the number of his licence issued to him by the Municipal Committee with his licence.

22. Every person licensed to propel or pedal a Cycle Rickshaw shall return his badge to the Secretary on termination, suspension or revocation of his licence.

23. No licence or badge granted to a person propelling a Cycle Rickshaw shall be transferable.

24. The uniform of the persons propelling Cycle Rickshaws shall be clean and they shall wear Khaki coloured uniform consisting of the coat, trousers, and a cap only between 1st April to 30th October a clean Khaki shirt and shorts will be permissible.

25. The Propeller:—

1. Shall draw the cycle rickshaw with all care and attention and observe all the rules of the road.

2. Shall keep the lamp properly lighted during lighting time hour.

3. Shall not propel while intoxicated or make use of insulting, abusive or obscene language, or wilfully obstruct or hinder the puller or propeller of any other vehicle in taking up or setting down any person or wrongfully prevent or endeavour to prevent the puller or propeller of any other vehicle from being hired.

4. Shall not disobey any direction of any Police Officer for the regulation of traffic or the control of Cycle Rickshaws on Rickshaw stands.

5. Shall not refuse to let his Cycle Rickshaw on hire when such a Cycle Rickshaw is not bonafide engaged.

6. Shall not having agreed or having been hired to be in attendance with a Cycle Rickshaw at an appointed time or place neglect or omit to attend punctually with such Cycle Rickshaw at such time and place unless delayed or prevented by sufficient cause.

7. Shall not when hired by time desert from the hiring before discharging his hirer.

8. Shall not demand more than the maximum fare permissible.

9. Shall not knowingly carry in a Cycle Rickshaw any person suffering from contagious or infectious disease.

10. Shall attend at the Town Hall in person whenever order to do so by the Secretary of Municipal Committee or any other official including the Municipal Hackney Carriage Inspector in order to answer any complaint or charge or other lawful business in connection with his Cycle Rickshaw.

11. Shall not when propelling a Cycle Rickshaw pass a terminal tax collecting station without stopping and reporting himself to the clerk incharge there and shall not move the vehicle from the said post unless the clerk incharge has had an opportunity to assess and collect Terminal Tax on goods if any carried by it.

12. Any licence may be suspended or revoked for the breach of any of these rules by the authority permitted to grant the licence.

13. If a Cycle Rickshaw of which the licence has been suspended or which has not been licensed or of which the propeller has not obtained the licence is found plying for hire, the Secretary or such person or persons as are authorised by him in this behalf shall be authorised to impound the vehicle pending the disposal of the case or issue of the licence or other contingencies arising therefrom.

14. In the absence of any private agreement to the contrary the fares fixed by the Hackney Carriage Sub-Committee shall be charged. A printed schedule of such rates suitably framed shall be exhibited at a conspicuous place on every licensed Cycle Rickshaw.

15. (1) No licensed Rickshaw shall park anywhere except in places specified by the Committee for this purpose.

(2) In the localities mentioned below no licensed Cycle Rickshaw shall be permitted to wait or park in search of passengers.

1. Chandni Chowk.

2. Dariba.

3. Lal Kuan.

4. Egerton Road.

5. Khari Baoli.

6. Ballimaran.

7. Chaori Bazar.

8. Chitli Qabar.

9. Sadar Bazar.

10. Bazar Sita Ram.

11. Ajmere Gate Road.

29. Secretary Delhi Municipal Committee shall be authorised to launch prosecution for breach of these bye-laws through Municipal Prosecutor or Municipal Counsel, provided that the Hackney Carriage Sub-Committee or the Secretary of the Municipal Committee on application of the offender may compound the offence on such terms as the sub committee or the Secretary may consider reasonable.

30. The Committee shall from time to time fix the maximum number of cycle rickshaws that may be authorised to ply for hire within the limits of the Delhi Municipal Committee.

PENALTY.

31. A breach of any of these provisions of these bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

By order,

RATAN LAL,

*Secretary to the Chief Commissioner,
(Local Self Government), Delhi.*

Delhi, the 22nd March 1947

No. F.8(33)146-L.S.G.—The following Bye-laws framed by the Notified Area Committee, Mahrauli under the provisions of Section 188 (n) of the Punjab Municipal Act 1911 to regulate the posting of Bills and Advertisements are confirmed by the Chief Commissioner of Delhi under sub-section (1) of section 201 of the said Act and are hereby published for general information, and shall come into force on the expiry of six weeks from the date of this Notification.

BYELAWS

1. Preliminary. These Byelaws shall be cited as the Mahrauli Notified Area Committee's Advertisement Byelaws.

2. Definitions. In these byelaws unless there is some thing repugnant in the subject or context:—

(a) "Act" means the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

(b) "Advertisement" includes a bill, poster, every kind of notice and trade advertisements but does not include poster or notices announcing public meetings or processions.

(c) "Committee" means the Notified Area Committee, Mahrauli.

(d) "Name Board" means a board or other surface affixed to or forming part of any premises, on which is painted or otherwise delineated the name or trade name of the account of those premises or the name by which the occupant desires the premises to be known together with such description of the occupant of the premises or of the occupant's business as the occupant may desire to add:—

(e) "Notice Board" means a board or surface affixed to or forming part of any

premises on which is painted or otherwise delineated description of the business carried on in the premises and includes a board on which are displayed or intended to be displayed advertisements of goods sold or dealt within the premises to which the notice board is affixed or of which it forms a part.

3. Wherever in these byelaws there is a prohibition against the erection or affixing of any advertisement name board or notice board the prohibition shall extend to the retention of any advertisement name board or notice board (the prohibition shall extend to the retention of any advertisement name board or notice board already erected or affixed).

4. (a) No person shall erect or affix any advertisement name board or notice board without first obtaining a license from the Notified Area Committee, Mahrauli.

(b) The license shall be issued under the signature of the Secretary.

(c) Every such license shall be granted on payment of an annual fee of five rupees and shall be current for not more than twelve months from the date of issue but may be renewed for a further period of one year or part of a year on payment of the same fee.

(d) Application for renewal of a license shall be made at least one month before the date of termination of the license.

(e) No license shall be issued for erection of any advertisement board or advertisement hoarding or advertisement sign on such a site or of such a size that the board or hoarding or sign would impair the eminencies of any property belonging to any person other than the applicant for the license or would obscure or impair any scenic or archeological interest.

5. In so far as these byelaws prohibit or regulate the erection or affixing of any advertisement on a board or in the form of a board the prohibition or regulation shall apply equally to any advertisement painted or otherwise inscribed direct on a wall or on any other building surface.

6. Advertisement at petrol station.

(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in these byelaws the licensee of petrol station may exhibit at the licensed premises any advertisement for which permission has been given by the authority who granted the license for petrol station or by the District Magistrate.

(2) If the licensee of a petrol station exhibit any advertisement for which permission has not been given by the licensing authority or the District Magistrate and which is in contravention of these regulations he shall be deemed to have committed a breach of these regulations.

7. If any name board, notice board or advertisement hoarding is erected or any advertisement is affixed in contravention of these byelaws the Committee by notice issued in conformity with sections 214 and 215 of the Act direct the person believed to be responsible for erecting the board or affixing the advertisement or the owner of the premises at which the board is erected or the advertisement is affixed to remove the same within a reasonable time and if the terms of the notice are not complied with, may after six hours notice cause the

board or advertisement to be removed by its officials.

8. Subject to the order of the President of the Committee the **Secretary of the Committee** may at any time remove or deface or cause to be defaced or removed any advertisement visible from a public street which is indecent or offensive to good taste or religious feeling.

9. Nothing in these bylaws shall be deemed to :—

(a) take away or abridge the right of the Committee to erect Committee's board for the display of advertisement or prohibit any person from affixing advertisement to any advertisement board of the Committee in accordance with such byelaws or instructions as may be applicable to such boards.

(b) prohibit or regulate the erection of traffic signs, street name board or other notices in the public streets by the Committee or any other authority by or under any express provision of law or statutory rule to erect such signs or notices.

(c) apply to advertisements displayed in the windows or doors of any premises or in (case of ground floor premises) immediately alongside of the windows or doors, or on any stall where goods are exposed for sale.

(d) prohibit or regulate the display of religious pictures, inscriptions, images, or emblems on or at religious edifices.

(e) apply to name signs constructed in iron bricks, or other building material or incised in or embossed upon the building material provided that the sign is not brightly coloured or artificially illuminated.

(f) apply to name boards in the form of brass or copper plates with lettering engraved thereon such as are customarily displayed by doctors or other professional men.

(g) apply to mottos or tribunal arches or other signs or descriptions erected temporarily at time of public or private rejoicing.

Provided that in the case of advertisements of the kind referred to in clauses (c), (e), (f) and (g) of these byelaws the Secretary of the Committee shall have power to remove or deface any advertisement which is indecent or opposed to good taste or religious feelings of anyone.

PENALTY

10. Any person committing a breach of any of these byelaws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is continuing one, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first day during which the breach continues.

By order,

RATAN LAL,

*Secretary (Local Self Government),
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.*

Delhi, the 24th March 1947

No. F.11(33)46-L.S.G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 71 of the Punjab Municipal Act 1911, the Chief Commissioner of Delhi is pleased to exempt all Supplies and equipments imported by the High Commissioner for Australia in India or his office for official use, from payment of any terminal tax imposed by any Municipal Committee or Notified Area Committee in the Delhi Province.

By order,

RATAN LAL,

*Secretary (Local Self Government),
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.*

Delhi, the 24th March 1947

No. F.11(37)46-L.S.G.III.—In supersession of paragraph 2 of this Administration's Notification No. F.13(9)46-LG dated the 9th March 1946 and in pursuance of the provisions of Section 18 of the Punjab District Board Act, 1883 as extended to the Delhi Province, the Chief Commissioner of Delhi is pleased to determine that the Chairman of the District Board, Delhi shall be a person elected by the said Board.

2. The first elected Chairman shall hold office for a term of three years or until the next elections to the District Board, whichever be less.

By order,

RATAN LAL,

*Secretary (Local Self Government),
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi*

Delhi, the 24th March 1947

No. F.12(37)47-L.S.G.—Whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, that land is likely to be required for a public purpose namely for the construction of a Pumping Station and staff quarters, by the Delhi Joint Water and Sewage Board, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be required for the above purpose.

This notification is made under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section the Chief Commissioner of Delhi is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking with their servants and workmen to enter upon and survey any land in the locality and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested, who has any objection to the acquisition of the land may within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Delhi.

*Specification.**District.*—Delhi.*Tahsil.*—Delhi.*Village.*—*Area in acres.*—1.62 acres. (Plot No. 218 & half of No. 211).*Boundaries.*—North : Plot No. 210. South : Plot No. 225, 226 & 219. East : Plot No. 211 & 217. West : Agra Canal land.*Where plan may be inspected.*—Deputy Commissioner's Office, Delhi.

By order,

RATAN LAL,

*Secretary (Local Self Government),
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.*

Delhi, the 25th March 1947

No. F.3(24)47-R & J.—The following is published for information :—

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT LAHORE

NOTIFICATION No. 35-R/XIII-D. 2, DATED LAHORE,
THE 10TH MARCH 1947.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 6, 9, and 11 of the Legal Practitioners' Act, 1879, the following rules relating to the duties of Pleaders and Mukhtars and the suspension and dismissal of such persons have been framed by the High Court of Judicature at Lahore and are published for general information.

I. *Duties of Pleaders and Mukhtars.*

"Where any Pleader or Mukhtar receives any money from his client, he must furnish him with a statement of accounts, with receipts, where these can be obtained, for all sums of money above Rs. 5 disbursed on his behalf. A pleader or Mukhtar shall be responsible for seeing that receipts are furnished to a client for all sums of money received by himself or by his clerk on his behalf."

II. *The suspension and Dismissal of Pleaders and Mukhtars.*

1. A pleader or Mukhtar adjudged insolvent shall be liable to suspension until such time as he is discharged whether conditionally or not, or until the order of adjudication is annulled.

Any Court subordinate to the High Court adjudging a pleader or Mukhtar to be insolvent shall forthwith send a copy of its order to the Registrar who shall cause it to be laid with the least possible delay before a Judge in Chambers. The Judge shall fix a date for which notice shall issue to the Pleader or Mukhtar to appear and show cause why he should not be suspended until such time as he is discharged, or the order of adjudication is annulled.

On the date fixed the Judge in Chambers shall, after hearing the Pleader or Mukhtar in person or his counsel or if he does not appear, although served and is not represented by counsel, in his absence, pass orders suspending the pleader or Mukhtar until such time as he

is discharged whether conditionally or not, or until the order of adjudication is annulled, unless for good and sufficient reasons to be recorded in writing he considers it necessary not to suspend him.

NOTE.—The Pleader or Mukhtar must satisfy the Judge that his insolvency is not due to any cause which affects his suitability to practise as a legal practitioner.

2. When any criminal court subordinate to the High Court convicts a Pleader or Mukhtar of any offence, it shall forthwith report the fact and transmit a copy of its judgment to the High Court.

3. When a report and copy of a judgment are received under Rule 2, the Registrar shall cause them to be laid with the least possible delay, before a Bench of two Judges of the Court. The Bench may make such preliminary enquiry as it considers necessary, and, if it is of opinion that a *prima facie* case is made out for taking action against the Pleader or Mukhtar, shall pass an order directing that the case be heard by a Bench of three Judges and shall call upon the Advocate General to draw up a Statement of Charges against the Pleader or Mukhtar. When passing such order, the Bench may also suspend the Pleader or Mukhtar from practice pending the decision of disciplinary proceedings against him.

If the Bench is of opinion that there is no ground for taking disciplinary action against the Pleader or Mukhtar, its decision shall be final.

4. An enquiry under section 13 of the Legal Practitioners' Act 1879, into the conduct of the Pleader or Mukhtar may be held before the High Court or before any subordinate court appointed by the High Court to hold it and to report to the High Court.

5. Such enquiry may be ordered by the High Court of its own motion or upon an application for that purpose.

6. Any person making allegations of professional misconduct against a Pleader or Mukhtar, shall be required to submit them in the form of a written petition and, unless the complainant is a public servant acting in his official capacity, shall be required to support them by an affidavit.

On the receipt of such a petition the Registrar shall call upon the Pleader or Mukhtar to submit within 14 days of the receipt of the notice, a written statement in answer to the allegations made. On receipt of such statement or, if no statement is received, on the expiry of the period of 14 days, the Registrar shall lay the papers before a single Judge acting in his administrative capacity. Such Judge may order such preliminary enquiry as he deems necessary, and if he is of opinion that there are grounds for proceeding further, shall order the papers to be laid before a Bench of two Judges. The Bench may order an enquiry under rule 4. If the enquiry is to be held before the High Court, the subsequent proceedings shall be as provided in Rule 3.

6-A. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 6 the Registrar, without calling upon the

Pleader or Mukhtar to submit a written statement, may submit a petition to a Single Judge, acting in his administrative capacity, and such Single Judge may dismiss such petition summarily or pass any orders thereon, as he may think fit.

7. The Bench of two Judges may issue notice to any Pleader or Mukhtar to show cause against an enquiry under section 13 of the said Act being directed on the ground that the matter imputed, if true, does not constitute reasonable cause for suspension or dismissal.

8. When a Pleader or Mukhtar is suspended by a Bench of two Judges, the Registrar shall forthwith cause notice of his suspension to be served upon him.

9. When the statement of charges referred to in Rule 3 has been framed by the Advocate General, and has been approved by the Bench of two Judges, the Chief Justice shall nominate a Bench of three Judges to hear the case. A date shall be fixed for this hearing. The Registrar shall thereupon cause a copy of the statement of charges together with a notice of the date of the ring, to be delivered to the Pleader or Mukhtar at least 15 days before the date of hearing and shall call upon him to submit on the first date of hearing a written statement in answer to the charges. The person charged shall also be entitled to make an oral statement in answer to the charges.

10. The Bench of three Judges shall have power to decide what, if any, witnesses shall be examined in support of the charges or on behalf of the Pleader or Mukhtar, and to nominate one of its members to record any evidence which may be admitted. This Bench shall also have power to decide all points of procedure which may arise during the hearing, and may direct that all or any of the evidence to be recorded shall be given by affidavit.

11. In all enquiries under Section 13 or Section 14 of the Act, the person charged may offer himself as a witness on his own behalf, and may thereupon be sworn or affirmed and examined in the same manner as any other witnesses, but he shall not be called as a witness or examined upon oath or affirmation except at his own request or with his express consent.

12. The Bench of three Judges shall, after hearing such arguments both for and against the Pleader or Mukhtar as may be offered, come to a decision on the merits of the case, and the decision of the majority shall be final.

13. If the Bench of three Judges decides that the charges are not proved, it shall pass orders accordingly and the Pleader or Mukhtar shall, if suspended, be reinstated.

If such Bench considers that any charge or charges have been proved, it shall decide what action shall be taken and pass orders accordingly, the decision of the majority prevailing, and such orders shall be final.

14. When under Rule 4 an enquiry under the said Act is held before a Subordinate Court, the report of such court shall be laid before a Bench of three Judges which shall

act as provided in Rule 13 in the same manner as if the enquiry had been held by itself.

Provided that in such cases the Bench may in its discretion hear the Pleader or Mukhtar before passing orders and may remand the case for further enquiry.

14-A. When a report is received under section 14 of the Act, or when the High Court, after perusal of the records, considers that the proceedings of a subordinate Court should be revised under section 15 of the Act, the procedure laid down in the foregoing rule 14 shall apply except as indicated below :—

No order shall be passed by the High Court under Section 15 of the Act unless a notice has been given to the Pleader or Mukhtar to show cause why the order of his acquittal under section 14 should not be set aside.

15. The orders of the Bench of three Judges shall be communicated by the Registrar to the Pleader or Mukhtar.

16. Any order of suspension or dismissal made or confirmed by the High Court, may, if sufficient cause appear, be reconsidered and cancelled or modified by the Bench which made the order.

Provided that if, for any reason, any member of the Bench is unable to sit on the Bench for the reconsideration of its order, the Chief Justice may nominate another Judge in his place.

17. Every order of the High Court by which a Pleader or Mukhtar is suspended or dismissed or re-instated shall be notified by the Registrar in the Punjab Government Gazette.

By order of the Chief Justice & Judges,

(Sd.) S. N. HAKSAR,
Registrar.

By order,

J. P. RAY.
Home Secretary to the Chief Commissioner,
Delhi.

Delhi, the 25th March 1947

No. F. 12 (36) 47-L.S.G.—Whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi that land is likely to be required for a public purpose, namely for the construction of sludge lagoons at the Sewage Disposal Works, Okhla, by the Delhi Joint Water and Sewage Board, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be required for the above purpose.

This notification is made under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section the Chief Commissioner of Delhi is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking with their servants and workmen to enter upon and survey any land in the locality and

do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested, who has any objection to the acquisition of the land may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Delhi.

Specification

District.	Tahsil.	Village.	Area in acres.	Boundaries.	Where plan may be inspected.
Delhi	Delhi	Jasauli	1.77 (marked C on plan).	North Pucca Dry- ing Beds & vac- ant land South on Vacant land & effluent channel East vacant land & Lagoon C.	Deputy Commis- sioner's Office, Delhi
"	"	"	6.13 (marked B on plan).	West Kutchha Dry- ing Beds.— North vacant land & old navigation Cut. South vacant land & Jasauli vil- lage. East vacant land & Agra Canal. West vacant land & Lagoon B.	
"	"	Okhla	7.90	North : Plot No. 176 & 178. South : Old Navi- gation Cut. East : Plot No. 180. West : Plot No. 179 & 178.	

By order,

RATAN LAL,

*Secretary (Local Self Government)
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.*

Delhi, the 25th March 1947

No. F. 18 (54)46-L.S.G.—Whereas it is necessary and expedient for maintaining supplies and services essential to the life of the community and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (4) and (5) of section 5 of the Bombay Electricity (Emergency Powers) Act, 1946, as extended to the Delhi Province by Government of India, Home Department notification No. F.72147-Public, dated the 21st February, 1947, the Chief Commissioner of Delhi is pleased to constitute a Board called "The Delhi Province Electricity Power Control Board" to receive applications and make recommendations to the Chief Commissioner in respect of any of the matters specified in sections 3, 4, 5 and 6 of the Act, or in respect of any other incidental or supplementary matter for carrying out the purposes of the Act, or in respect of any of the matters hereinafter specified.

The constitution of the Board shall be as follows :—

1. Superintending Engineer, Delhi Province—Chairman.
2. The General Manager, Delhi Central Electric Power Authority Limited.
3. The Executive Officer, Delhi Cantt.
4. Superintending Engineer, Electrical Circle, Central Public Works Department.
5. Electrical Engineer, New Delhi Municipal Committee.
6. Chief Inspector of Boilers and Factories and Electric Inspector, Delhi.

Members

Member-cum
Secretary.

2. *Specification of matters :—*

(a) to advise the Chief Commissioner in matters relating to the regulation, prohibition of production, distribution, use or consumption of electrical energy ;

(b) to advise the Chief Commissioner in matters relating to the regulation of rates which may be charged by an undertaking supplying electrical energy, and to relax any maximum or minimum limits otherwise imposed on such rates ;

(c) to issue permits for new supplies of electricity or to restrict existing supplies, subject in all cases to the approval of the Chief Commissioner.

3. This order supersedes the order of the Chief Commissioner, dated the 7th October, 1946 and shall come into force with effect from 25th March, 1947.

By order,

RATAN LAL,

*Secretary (Local Self Government)
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.*

Delhi, the 26th March 1947

No. F.4(62)46-H.R. & J.—Mr. Bashir Ahmed, P.C.S., relinquished charge of the Office of the Additional District and Sessions Judge, Delhi, on the forenoon of the 8th March 1947.

By order,

J. P. RAY,

*Home Secretary to the Chief Commissioner,
Delhi.*

Delhi, the 26th March 1947

No. F.6(10)46-C.S.—Mr. T. N. Gupta, Assistant Director of Civil Supplies (Headquarters), Delhi, has been granted leave on full average pay for two months with effect from the 13th March 1947, with permission to affix the 12th March 1947, on the expiry of which his services are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India, Commonwealth Relations Department.

By order,

K. RAM,

*Secretary (Civil Supplies)
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.*

Delhi, the 26th March 1947

No. F.20(7)46-H.P.W.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 69 of the Delhi Muslim Wakfs Act, 1943, read with the Notification of the Government of India, in the Home Department No. 10843-Public (c), dated the 12th June 1943, the Chief Commissioner of Delhi is pleased to make the following amendment to the Delhi Muslim Wakfs (General) Rules, 1943, published with his Notification No. F.9(64)43-L.S.G., dated the 2nd October, 1943, a draft of the same having

been previously published for objections with his Notification No. F.20(7)46-H.P.W., dated the 10th December 1946.

Amendment

The following shall be substituted for Rule 10(a) :—

“ Fees payable under section 56 of the Act shall be paid at the Office of the Majlis in cash or by means of a cheque on a bank included in the second schedule to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, drawn in favour of Majlis ”.

By order,

RATAN LAI,

Secretary (Local Self-Government)
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

Delhi, the 28th March 1947

No. F.8(1)47(I)C.S.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bombay Essential Commodity and Cattle (Control) Act, 1946 (Bombay Act No. XXII of 1946) as extended to the Delhi Province under Government of India, Home Department notification No. 72/3/16-Public, dated the 12th October 1946, the Chief Commissioner of Delhi is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made in Schedule I of the said Act, namely:—

16 Manufactured Timber.

By order,

K. RAM,

Secretary (Civil Supplies)
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

Delhi, the 28th March 1947

No. F.8(1)47(2)C.S.—In pursuance of the provisions contained in sub-clause (b) of clause (2) of the Delhi Essential Commodities (Movement) Control Order, 1946, as published with his notification No. F.9(9)46-C.S., dated the 21st December 1946, the Chief Commissioner of Delhi is pleased to notify that the following item shall be included in Schedule I of the said order, namely:—

10. “ Manufactured Timber ” such as floorings, ceilings, wooden beams, planks, sleepers, karies, window panes and doors but excluding domestic furniture such as toys, table, almirah, chair, bedstead, cradle, meat-cases, cash-boxes, towel-stand, lamp-stand and book-shelf.*

By order,

K. RAM,

Secretary (Civil Supplies)
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

Delhi, the 28th March 1947

No. F.15(16)47-C.S.—It is hereby notified that the designation of the post of Director of Civil Supplies and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Civil Supplies, Delhi, at present held by Mr. K. Ram, I.C.S., has been changed to “ Director of Rationing and Civil

Supplies and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner (Rationing and Civil Supplies), Delhi ”.

The powers delegated to the Director of Civil Supplies, Delhi shall hereafter be exercised by the Director of Rationing and Civil Supplies, Delhi.

By order,

P. H. B. WILKINS,

Registrar to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

Delhi, the 29th March 1947

No. F. 15(22)47-C.S.—Mr. Zahurul Haq, Public Relations Officer, Delhi Rationing assumed charge of the post of Deputy Controller of Rationing with effect from the 8th March 1947 (Forenoon) vice Mr. Ajit Singh, reverted to Food Department.

By order,

K. RAM,

Secretary (Civil Supplies)
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

Delhi, the 31st March 1947

No. F1(II)47-R.&J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, as applied to Delhi under section 3 of the Delhi Laws Act 1912, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to determine that the function of a Revenue Officer under section 70 of the said Act shall also be discharged by the Tehsildar Delhi, who is an Assistant Collector of the 2nd grade in so far as realization of house tax arrears under Section 80 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is concerned.

By order,

J. P. RAY,

Home Secretary to the Chief Commissioner,
Delhi.

Delhi, the 31st March 1947

No. F.12(87)46-HPW.—The following rates of fares to be charged from passengers travelling in Gwalior and Northern India Transport stage carriages permitted to ply on urban routes of the Delhi Province including Delhi-Shahdara and Delhi-Cauhoun routes, which the Chief Commissioner of Delhi, proposes to fix in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 43 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939, read with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Communications No. R. 60 dated the 28th June 1939 are hereby published for the information of the persons likely to be affected thereby. The rates will be taken into consideration on or after the 12th May 1947 together with any objections which may be received in respect of them before that date.

Ordinary buses.

	Rs. A. P.
Up to 1st mile	0 1 0
Over 1 mile and upto second mile	0 1 9
Over 2 miles and upto third	0 2 0
Over 3 miles and upto fourth	0 3 3
Over 4 miles and upto fifth	0 4 0

For each additional mile or part thereof after the fifth mile an additional sum of six pies shall be charged.

Pullman Buses.

Annas 1½ per stage with a minimum of -1½- as per table below:—

FARE TABLE

OLD SECTT.—IMPERIAL SECTT.

Fares in Anna\$.

	(29) Old Sectt.	(27) Ludlow Castle Gate.	(9) Kash- mere Gate.	(1) Delhi Fort	(2) Darya Gunj.	(7) Mandi House	(18) Scindia House.	(8) All India Radio.	(23) Imp. Sectt.
	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.
Old Sectt. (29)	2	3	4½	6	7½	9
Ludlow Castle (27)	2	2	3	4½	6	8
Kashmere Gate (9)	3	2	..	2	4½	7½
Delhi Fort (1)	4½	3	2	..	4½	6
Darya Gunj (2)	6	4½	3	2	2	4½
Mandi House (7)	7½	6	4½	3	2	4½
Scindia House (18)	9	8	6	4½	2	3
All India Radio (8)	10½	9	7½	6	3	..
Imperial Sectt. (23)	12	10½	9	7½	9	2

By order,

RATAN LAL,
Secretary (Local Self Government)
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

Delhi the 31st March 1947

No. F.20(5) 146-H.P.W.—In pursuance of Sections 10 and 12 of the Delhi Muslim Waqfs Act 1943, read with the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department No. 10813-Public(e), dated the 12th June 1944, the Chief Commissioner of Delhi is pleased to notify that Mr. D. M. Malik, has been elected a Member of the Sunni Majlis-e-Awkaf, Delhi for the unexpired portion of the term of the Honourable Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan under clause (C) of Sub-section (1) of section 7 of the Delhi Muslim

Wakfs Act, 1943, and as provided in the Delhi Sunni Majlis-e-Awkaf Election Rules, 1943, in the vacancy caused by reason of the acceptance of the resignation of the Honourable Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan.

By order,
RATAN LAL,
Secretary (Local Self Government)
to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

